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**Racial and Ethnic Disparities in the Delayed Diagnosis of Appendicitis Among Children**

Des Plaines, IL – A multicenter cohort shows racial disparities in appendiceal perforation and rates of delayed diagnosis of appendicitis and diagnostic imaging. This is the conclusion of a study titled *Racial and Ethnic Disparities in the Delayed Diagnosis of Appendicitis Among Children*, to be published in the September diversity and inclusion special issue of *Academic Emergency Medicine (AEM)* journal, peer-reviewed journal of the Society for Academic Emergency Medicine (SAEM).

Appendicitis is the most common surgical condition in pediatric emergency department (ED) patients. Prompt diagnosis can reduce morbidity, including appendiceal perforation. The study further explains that delays caused by racial disparities may contribute to higher perforation rates among minority children.

The lead author of the study is Monika K. Goyal, MD, MSCE, is a pediatric emergency medicine specialist and associate division chief of emergency medicine and trauma services and director of academic affairs and research at Children's National Hospital. She is an associate professor of pediatrics and emergency medicine at the George Washington University School of Medicine.

Study details and results are discussed with Dr. Goyal in a recent [AEM podcast](#).
ABOUT ACADEMIC EMERGENCY MEDICINE

Academic Emergency Medicine, the monthly journal of Society for Academic Emergency Medicine, features the best in peer-reviewed, cutting-edge original research relevant to the practice and investigation of emergency care. The above study is published open access and can be downloaded by following the DOI link: 10.1111/acem.14142. Journalists wishing to interview the authors may contact Tami Craig at tcraig@saem.org.

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